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OFFICE OF THE UNITED NATIONS SPECIAL CO-ORDINATOR

Socio-economic Report – October 2009

Since 1996 UNSCO has continually monitored and reported on socio-economic conditions in the occupied Palestinian territory and in the process established an extensive socio-economic database. UNSCO does not create raw data but rather uses available data which, in the occupied Palestinian territory is relatively abundant. However, the data that is available tends to remain dispersed and is not always automatically shared between institutions. The objective of the database is to bring together in one place a wide variety of data on socio-economic conditions and by doing so present a broader, more detailed perspective on socio-economic conditions. The purpose of this report is to: 1) broaden the access to this database through publication of the most recent data gathered; and 2) provide readers with up to date information on socio-economic conditions in the occupied Palestinian territory.

The report is divided into three sections:

Section 1 consists of a one-page fact sheet which provides a snapshot view of the socioeconomic situation for the current and previous reporting period and it provides, for reference purposes, base line figures for the period just prior to the outbreak of the second *Intifada*.

Sections 2 and 3 report on the Macro-economic situation, the Private sector and the banking modules of the UNSCO database. They provide data on the last six reporting periods for each indicator as well as base line data, which is pre *Al-Aqsa intifada*. In addition, summary analysis on observed trends is given below each table.



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SOCIO-ECONOMIC FACT SHEET - OCTOBER 2009

A. GENERAL		Previous period	Current period	B. FISCAL SITUATION	Baseline	Previous period	Current period
Indicator		Q1-2009	Q2-2009	Indicator (US\$ millions)	Q4-1999	Q2-2009	Q3-2009
1. GDP (\$US) 2. GDP per capita (\$US)		1,177.3 321.4	1,252.1 ¹ 339.4	Revenue Expenditure Net lending Balance External Budget support (including TIM)	235 235 0 0	355.7 189.3 109.3 -270.6 148.3	(budget) 447.8 347.6 89.1 -500.2 663.4
Source: PCBS				Source: World Bank- Ministry of	Finance		
C. MACRO-ECONOMIC	Baseline	Previous period	Current period	D. PRIVATE SECTOR	Baseline	Previous period	Current period
Indicator ²	Aug-2004	Sep 2009	Oct-2009	Indicator			
Consumer Price Index ³ Total		126.28	126.22	1. New Company Registrations	Q2-2000	Q2-2009	Q3-2009
West Bank Gaza Strip		123.25 131.04	123.71 130.26	Total West Bank Gaza Strip	568 288 280	521 434 87	434 381 53
2. Truck movement ⁴	Aug-2000	Sep -	Oct -2009	2. Area Licensed for new	Q2-2000	Q2-2009	Q3-2009
Imports Karni - conveyor belt/chute Sufa Rafah	4,373 4,384 953	2009 615 0 0	597 0 0	Construction (dunums) Total West Bank Gaza Strip	739.7 665.3 74.4	521.4 521.4 0.0	509.4 509.4 0.0
Kerem Shalom Nahal Oz	0 904	1,400 123	1,694 64	3. Banking (US\$ thousands)	Q2-2000	Q2-2009 ⁵	Q3-2009
<u>Exports</u> Karni Kerem Shalom	2,460 0	0 0	0 0	Loans Deposits Loans/Deposits Ratio	1,234 3,328 37.1 %	2,100 6,390 32.86%	2,261 6,687 33.81%
Source: PCBS (1), Ministry of Petroleum Corporation -	of National Ed	conomy, Gene	ral	Source: Ministry of National Ecor Consulting Firms (2), Palestine M	nomy (1), Eng	ineering Office	es and
E. LABOUR FLOWS	Baseline	Previous period	Current period	F. CLOSURE	Baseline	Previous period	Current period
Indicator	Q2-2000	Q1-2009	Q2-2009	Indicator	Aug-2000	Sep-2009	Oct-2009
Labour Force size Total West Bank Gaza Strip Unemployment	706,174 483,796 222,378 8.8 %	934,000 620,400 313,600 25.4%	949,800 649,600 300,200 22.2%	Effective closure days ⁷ Karni (goods) Erez (workers) Sufa (aggregates) Rafah (passenger) Rafah (commercial)	0 % 0 % 0 % 0 % 0 %	100% 100% 100% 100% 100%	100% 100% 100% 100% 100%
Adjusted Unemployment ⁶	18.5 %	30.6%	28.0%	Nahal Öz (fuel) Kerem Shalom	0 % 0 %	91 % 22 %	100 % 13 %
Source: PCBS				Source: UNSCO-			

¹ These numbers may be adjusted

² For a more detailed report on sections C (Macro-economy) and D (Private sector), see data below. ³ CPI Base year 2004 = 100

⁴ MoNE data does not include aggregates or aid flows in Aug 2000.

⁵ * Please note that data for Q3-2008 has been adjusted by the PMA for all bank credit categories.

⁶ Adjusted unemployment is calculated by adding discouraged workers (i.e. unemployed but no longer seeking work) to the ILO

⁷ Effective closure days are calculated by adding all days when a crossing was fully or partially closed excluding weekend and holiday. Karni - conveyor belt/chute -The conveyor belt/chute for cereals and animal feed at Kani is the only operational one.



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MACRO-ECONOMIC UPDATE - OCTOBER 2009

- Exchange rate
- Consumer Index by region and expenditure group
- Truck Movement
- Palestinian Imports and Exports
- Volume of registered fuel sales

For further information please contact:

Gaza Strip: Raed Raqeb raqeb@un.org

Indicator	Baseline Aug-00	May-09	June -09	July -09	Aug -09	Sep -09	Oct -09
Exchange Rate							
Fushanas Pata	4.05	4.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.77	0.70
Exchange Rate	4.05	4.07	3.93	3.90	3.83	3.77	3.73
Source: PCBS							

The exchange rate between the US dollar and the NIS declined by approximately 1.06% in October 2009 compared to September 2009.

Indicator	Baseline Aug-00	May-09	June -09	July -09	Aug -09	Sep -09	Oct -09
Volume of Registered Fu	el sales in the	Gaza Stri	p (x 1000	liters/ton)		
volume of registered fuel sales	in the Gaza Strip						
Petrol 95 (Liter)	878.3	30.0	30.0	90.5	150.0	70.0	36.5
Petrol 96 (Liter)	2,310.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
Diesel (Liter)	11,342.6	100.0	300.4	572.4	499.4	601.0	0
Gas (Ton)	1.9	5.4	2.6	4.7	3.4	2.6	1.5
(· · · · ·)		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

The volume of registered fuel sales in the Gaza Strip continued to decline in October 2009. And there was a significant decline in the amount of imported cooking gas with 1, 5 tons allowed in (31.91% of the volume allowed in September 2009). During the reporting period. 36,500 liters of petrol were imported for the private sector. This month, the newly installed fuel pipelines at kerem Shalom started to function with cooking gas (213 ton).

Indicator	Baseline Aug-04	May-09	June -09	July -09	Aug -09	Sep -09	Oct -09
Palestinian Consumer Price In	dex (by re	gion and	d expendi	ture grou	p)		
Major Groups of Expenditure (Occupio	nd Palactinis	n Torriton	. avaludina	. lorusolom			
Food and soft drinks	eu Falestiille					140 14	141 01
Alcoholic Beverages and tobacco Textiles, clothing and footwear Housing Furniture, household goods Medical care Transportation Communications		138.01 137.23 103.97 118.95 110.43 113.35 116.07 109.78	137.94 139.04 104.52 119.06 111.54 112.96 118.47 109.75	138.86 140.80 104.66 120.57 112.21 113.12 119.44 109.89	141.75 140.97 106.05 121.95 112.88 113.15 119.37 109.98	142.14 140.88 106.21 122.27 114.43 114.10 119.72 110.28	141.81 140.90 106.85 123.40 114.33 114.79 118.81 106.92
Recreational, cultural goods & services Education Restaurants and cafes Miscellaneous goods and services All items of consumer price index		100.91 101.30 132.30 114.21 123.05	101.15 102.12 132.62 113.97 123.48	101.15 102.12 132.34 114.04 124.22	101.35 102.12 133.01 113.63 125.60	101.51 109.24 133.71 114.08 126.28	101.79 109.24 135.18 115.10 126.22
Major Groups of Expenditure (Jerusa	lem)						
Food and soft drinks Alcoholic Beverages and tobacco Textiles, clothing and footwear Housing Furniture, household goods Medical care Transportation Communications Recreational, cultural goods & services Education Restaurants and cafes Miscellaneous goods and services All items of consumer price index Major Groups of Expenditure (Rest of Food and soft drinks Alcoholic Beverages and tobacco Textiles, clothing and footwear Housing Furniture, household goods Medical care Transportation Communications Recreational, cultural goods & services Education Restaurants and cafes	the West Ba	138.39 125.83 105.17 115.13 102.08 121.44 119.11 106.82 103.59 107.07 144.70 107.76 121.50 2ank) 131.74 134.27 94.88 126.11 100.48 108.38 114.05 111.30 92.49 94.59 126.02	137.73 127.23 107.38 115.28 103.26 121.23 121.99 106.71 104.00 107.07 146.33 106.62 121.90 132.50 135.36 93.96 126.28 100.37 107.55 116.70 110.93 92.00 96.66 126.23	137.40 128.81 107.45 116.70 104.78 121.04 122.79 107.06 104.90 107.07 145.46 107.64 122.33 127.98 99.59 107.97 117.92 110.89 91.14 96.66 126.01	140.68 128.81 108.46 118.12 105.28 121.15 122.68 107.06 106.51 107.07 145.82 107.59 123.75 137.43 138.17 94.82 129.10 100.19 108.51 117.83 111.05 91.05 96.66 126.78	140.72 128.73 109.36 118.46 107.28 123.52 124.78 107.06 106.25 111.72 146.46 107.85 124.53 137.93 137.9 94.19 129.14 99.90 109.31 117.77 111.04 91.61 104.58 127.32	141.92 128.90 111.38 119.06 106.40 125.65 123.34 103.58 107.25 111.72 148.23 108.36 124.96 139.02 138.34 94.42 129.72 101.33 109.59 116.99 107.71 91.14 104.58 128.29
Miscellaneous goods and services All items of consumer price index		121.99 119.77	122.13 120.32	119.95 121.43	119.54 122.75	120.63 123.25	121.55 123.71
Major Groups of Expenditure (Gaza S	trip)						
Food and soft drinks Alcoholic Beverages and tobacco Textiles, clothing and footwear Housing Furniture, household goods Medical care Transportation Communications Recreational, cultural goods & services Education Restaurants and cafes Miscellaneous goods and services All items of consumer price index		147.10 149.91 113.06 113.57 133.54 99.23 121.84 106.89 98.92 100.56 143.77 116.82 128.78	145.48 152.48 113.08 113.59 135.20 99.00 123.73 107.43 99.94 100.37 144.10 117.25 128.64	145.59 154.09 112.70 114.42 136.99 98.81 124.77 107.41 99.36 100.37 144.07 117.91 129.00	149.04 154.09 114.30 114.94 137.81 97.91 124.78 107.60 99.24 100.37 145.20 116.94 130.48	148.73 154.09 115.43 114.92 140.42 98.14 125.37 108.63 99.40 107.59 147.79 116.53 131.04	146.79 153.51 113.81 116.49 141.47 98.23 124.87 105.58 99.35 107.59 147.56 117.67 130.26
Source: PCBS		120.70	120.04	123.00	100.40	101.04	100.20

The Palestinian CPI reached 126.22 in October 2009, a decrease of 0.05% compared to September 2009, with most of the increase being experienced in West Bank. Increases were recorded in the Textiles, Clothing and Footwear sector (0.60%), in the Medical Care group (0.60%) in the Housing sector (0.93%) and in Miscellaneous goods and services (0.89%) each). Food and soft drinks experienced a 0.23% decline.

Indicator	Baseline Aug-00	May-09	June -09	July -09	Aug -09	Sep -09	Oct -09
Truck Loads Movement							
Al Montar/ Karni commercial crossing	I						
Total Truck Loads Exports	992	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Truck Loads Imports	2,923	642	643	486	632	615	597
Karem Abu Salem / Kerem Shalom co	mmercial cr	ossing					
Total Truck Loads Exports	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Truck Loads Imports	0	2,023	1,807	1,526	1,827.5	1,430	1,694
Sufa commercial crossing							
Total Truck Loads Exports	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Truck Loads Imports	4,384	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nata I O - communiciation of the first							
Nahel Oz commercial crossing (fuel)							
Total Truck Loads Imports	904	231	121	215	160	123	64
Source: Baseline: Ministry of National Ed	conomy; Gen	ieral Petrole	eum Corpora	tion and Min	istry of Finan	ice	

October 2009 data indicates an increase in the total number of the imported truckloads to the Gaza Strip by approximately 9%, compared to September 2009 (2,355 vs. 2,168). Karni crossing has remained closed since 12 June 2007 for the movement of goods in and out of Gaza. The single conveyor belt/chute for cereals and animal feed at Kani, was open for a total of 7 days and a total of 597 truckloads of animal feed (58%), and wheat (42%) entering Gaza via that conveyor belt. Of the 1,694 truckloads entering Gaza during the month through Karem Shalom (Karm Abu Salem), 272 (or 16.06%) were designated for humanitarian aid agencies and the remaining 1,422 (or 83.94%) were for the private sector. Food items made up the majority of imported goods (1,272.5truckloads, or 75%) while 421.5 truckloads, or 25%, were for non food items.



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PRIVATE SECTOR AND BANKING UPDATE - OCTOBER 2009

- Number of Company Registrations by region and legal status
- Area licensed for Construction
- Bank Credit
- Value of loans and deposits

For further information please contact:

Gaza Strip: Raed Raqeb raqeb@un.org

Indicator	Baseline Q3-2000	May-09	June -09	July -09	Aug -09	Sep -09	Oct -09
Number of new Company	Registrations	(by region	on and leg	al status)		
Gaza Strip							
Private Private Limited Public Limited Foreign Total	162 46 1 3 212	10 23 0 0 33	10 18 0 0 28	6 13 0 0 1 9	4 17 0 0 21	5 8 0 0 13	6 17 0 0 23
West Bank							
Private Private Limited Public Limited Foreign Total	66 163 0 0 229	51 66 0 2 119	57 87 1 3 148	72 66 1 0 139	73 91 1 0 165	33 42 0 2 77	82 92 0 1 175

The number of new company registrations is used as a proxy indicator for the vitality of the local economy as well as the ability of the local economy to create new employment. New company registrations in the West Bank increased by 127.27% compared to September 2009. When compared to pre-Intifada levels, new company registrations have dropped by approximately 23.58 %. As for Gaza, figures from the Ministry of Economy in Ramallah show that no new companies were registered, while data from the authorities in Gaza indicate 23 new registered companies for October 2009. If considering data from authorities in Gaza, the number of newly registered companies in Gaza an increased by approximately 76.92% compared to September 2009.

Indicator	Baseline Aug-00	May-09	June -09	July -09	Aug -09	Sep -09	Oct -09					
Area licensed for new construction (Gaza Strip, dunums)												
Northern District	27,902	1,950	2,120	1,820	2,240	1,080	1,850					
Gaza	50,116	4,700	3,350	2,950	3,250	2,150	2,150					
Al Wastah	15,984	1,100	1,170	830	1,120	950	1,100					
Khan Younis	51,146	3,650	3,200	1,050	2,600	1,780	3,100					
Rafah	39,429	5,320	4,350	4,410	2,950	1,140	3,400					
Gaza Strip Total	184.577	16.720	14.190	11.060	12,160	7.100	11.600					

Indicator	Baseline Aug-00	May-09	June -09	July -09	Aug -09	Sep -09	Oct -09
Area licensed for new constr	uction (We	st Bank,	dunums)				
Ramallah & Al- Bireh & Jerusalem		61,273	69,932	99,172	72,463	50,749	63,773
Nablus		61,230	66,003	73,174	49,387	58,483	41,516
Tulkarm		29,398	24,334	35,194	36,987	21,132	26,128
Hebron		39,385	36,299	91,799	68,217	29,026	22,175
Bethlehem		16,070	15,594	14,530	28,917	7,421	15,853
Jenin		18.595	17.549	17,773	17.579	12.448	28.058
Qalqilya		1.054	1.709	7.752	1.727	3.476	3,418
Salfit		0	0	Ô	Ô	0	0
Total	345.685	227,005	231,420	339,394	275,277	182.735	200,921

Similar to new company registrations, the area licensed for new construction is also used as a proxy indicator for economic vitality. October 2009 data shows an increase in the area licensed for new construction of approximately 9.95% compared to the previous month in the West Bank. When compared to pre *intifada* levels, area licensed for new construction has decreased by 41.88 %.

Indicator	Q4-08	Q1-09	Q2-09	Q3-09
Bank Credit				
Bank Credit by economic activity (x million US\$)				
Agriculture	48	40	41	37
Manufacturing & Mining	72	165	174	179
Real estate and Lands	234	190	219	238
General Trade	330	312	351	360
Transportation	14	18	16	23
Tourism, Hotels & Restaurants	26	29	31	35
Public Services	250	240	252	323
Financial Services & Facilitations granted to financial institutions	120	45	46	69
Financing granted to the investment of the shares	51	67	66	56
Finance the purchase of cars	40	43	48	56 722
Total Public Sector	534	582	749	722
Financing for consuming purposes	70 40	66 45	60	65 97
Others in the private sector GRAND TOTAL	1,830	1,842	47 2,100	2,261
Total Excluding theirs in the Public Services and Total Public	1,030	1,042	2,100	2,201
Sector	1,045	1,020	1,099	1,216
Sector	1,043	1,020	1,033	1,210
Bank Credit by economic activity (as percentage of total)				
Agriculture	2.6%	2.2%	2.0%	1.6%
Industry & Mining	3.9%	9.0%	8.3%	7.9%
Real estate and Lands	12.8%	10.3%	10.4%	10.5%
General Trade	18.0%	16.9%	16.7%	15.9%
Transportation	0.8%	1.0%	0.8%	1.0%
Tourism, Hotels & Restaurants	1.4%	1.6%	1.5%	1.6%
Public Services	13.7%	13.0%	12.0%	14.3%
Financial Services & Facilitations granted to financial institutions	6.5%	2.4%	2.2%	3.1%
Financing granted to the investment of the shares	2.8%	3.7%	3.2%	2.5%
Finance the purchase of cars	2.2%	2.4%	2.3%	2.5%
Total Public Sector	29.2%	31.6%	35.7%	31.9%
Financing for consuming purposes	3.8%	3.6%	2.8%	2.9%
Others in the private sector	2.2%	2.5%	2.3%	4.3%
<u>Total</u>	100%	100%	100%	100%
Bank Credit by Economic Branch (excluding Total public sect	or and Public 9	Services) (% of	total)	
Agriculture	4.6%	3.9%	3.8%	3.1%
Manufacturing and Mining	6.9%	16.2%	15.8%	14.7%
Real estate and Lands	22.4%	18.6%	20.0%	19.6%
General Trade	31.6%	30.5%	31.9%	29.7%
Tourism, Hotels & Restaurants	1.4%	1.8%	1.5%	1.9%
Transportation	2.5%	2.8%	2.8%	2.9%
Financial Services & Facilitations granted to financial institutions	11.4%	4.4%	4.2%	5.7%
Financing granted to the investment of the shares	4.9%	6.6%	6.0%	4.6%
Finance the purchase of cars	3.8%	4.2%	4.3%	4.6%
Financing for consuming purposes	6.7%	6.4%	5.4%	5.3%
Others in the private sector	3.8%	4.4%	4.3%	8.0%
<u>Total</u>	100%	100%	100%	100%
Source: PMA				

Data on bank credit is another proxy indicator for economic progress and business confidence (increasing use of bank credit, particularly in the main productive sectors) or decline (decreasing use of bank credit). The Palestine Monetary Authority provides adjusted data once every three months. In relative terms, general trade and public services show a decrease in the use of credit. Bank credit to the public sector indicates a decrease of approximately 3.56% in Q3-2009 when compared with Q2-2009. (Please note the PMA has adjusted the indicators for bank credit by economic activities starting Q3-2008. Due to such significant changes in the methodology, current trends cannot be compared to those prior to 2008.)

Indicator	Baseline Jun-00	Q2-08	Q3-08	Q4-08	Q1-09	Q2-09	Q3-09
Bank Credit							
Bank Credit by type (million US\$)							
Loans Overdrafts Leasing BA & Discounted Bills Total	512 653 0 69 1,234	1,066 669 11 0 1,747	1,109 688 10 0 1,807	1,113 707 10 0 1,830	1,159 673 10 0 1,842	1,339 751 10 0 2,100	1,500 753 7 0 2,261
Bank Credit by type (as percentag	ge of total)						
Loans Overdrafts Leasing BA & Discounted Bills Total	41% 53% 0% 6% 100%	61.1% 38.3% 0.6% 0.0% 100%	61.4% 38.1% 0.6% 0.0% 100%	60.8% 38.6% 0.6% 0.0% 100%	62.9% 36.5% 0.6% 0.0% 100%	63.8% 35.8% 0.5% 0.0% 100%	66.4% 33.3% 0.3% 0.0% 100%

Disaggregating bank credit by the type of credit, the data shows an increase in loans and overdrafts. Loans currently represent 66.4 % of all credit extended compared to only 41% in the *pre-Intifada* period.

Indicator	Baseline Jun-00	Q2-08	Q3-08*	Q4-08	Q1-09	Q2-09	Q3-09
Bank Credit							
Bank Credit by borrowing e	ntity (million US\$)						
Businesses	752	1,009	1,024	1,045	1,020	1,099	1,216
Consumers	429	511	545	534	582	749	722
Public Services	52	227	238	250	240	252	323
Total	1,234	1,747	1,807	1,830	1,842	2,100	2,261
Bank Credit by borrowing e	ntity (as percentage o	f total)					
Businesses	61%	57.7%	56.7%	57.1%	55.4%	52.3%	53.8%
Consumers	35%	29.3%	30.1%	29.2%	31.6%	35.7%	31.9%
Public Services	4%	13.0%	13.2%	13.7%	13.0%	12.0%	14.3%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
* Please note that data for Q3	3-2008 has been adjuste	ed by the PN	ЙA	•	•	•	•
Source: PMA	•	-					

Disaggregating bank credit by borrowing an entity shows that consumer lending has experienced a decrease of approximately 3.56% in Q3 -2009 compared to Q2-2009.

Indicator	Baseline Aug-00	Q2-08	Q3-08	Q4-08	Q1-09	Q2-09	Q3-09
Bank Deposits (excluding dep	osits of th	ne PMA a	nd comm	ercial bar	ıks)		
Distribution of Public sector deposits	by deposite	or and type	(million US	5)			
Public Institutions and Local Auth.							
Current Accounts	23.9	70.2	60.9	54.6	57.9	65.1	81.6
Time Deposits	49.7	67.0	60.1	72.4	74.4	78.6	78.7
Sub-total	73.6	137.2	121.0	127.1	132.3	143.7	160.3
Government							
Current Accounts	39.8	172.7	220.8	276.6	243.2	199.5	275.4
Time Deposits	74.8	191.8	213.4	191.3	152.7	158.3	176.2
Sub-total	114.6	364.5	434.2	467.9	395.9	357.9	451.6
Total Public sector deposits	188.2	501.7	555.3	595.0	528.1	501.6	612.0
Distribution of Private sector deposit	s by residen	cy and type	(million US	i\$)			
Residents							
Current Accounts	865.3	1,682.9	1,756.8	1,686.7	1,704.2	1,794.5	2,014.3
Savings Accounts	454.3	1,350.9	1,439.8	1,364.7	1,366.9	1,474.4	1,535.4
Time Deposits	2,084.3	1,915.3	1,978.4	2,047.0	1,939.9	1,925.1	1,835.9
Sub-total	3,403.9	4,949.1	5,174.9	5,098.4	5,011.0	5,194.0	5,385.5
Non-Residents							
Current Accounts	9.5	39.0	39.8	41.1	100.7	139.9	162.8
Savings Accounts	3.6	18.7	21.5	24.8	31.1	40.5	51.1
Time Deposits	22.8	69.1	58.9	65.0	76.2	88.1	91.8
Sub-total	35.9	126.8	120.2	130.9	208.0	268.5	305.7
Total Private sector deposits	3,439.8	5,075.9	5,295.1	5,229.3	5,219.0	5,462.5	5,691.2
Total Deposits (public and private)	3,628.0	5,577.6	5,850.4	5,824.3	5,747.1	5,964.1	6,303.2
Source: PMA	•	-	•			•	· ·

Bank deposits for the Q3- 2009 indicate increased in public sector deposits of approximately 22.01% and an increase in private sector deposits of 4.19% compared with Q2- 2009.

Indicator	Baseline Jun-00	Q2-08	Q3-08	Q4-08	Q1-09	Q2-09	Q3-09				
Value of Loans and Deposits (million US\$)											
	4.004	1.747	1,807	1,830	1 0 4 0	2.100	0.004				
Total Loans	1,234	1,/4/	1,007	1,030	1,842	2,100	2,261				
Total Loans Total Deposits	3,328	6,035	6,307	6,269	6,165	6,390	6,687				

In a functioning economy, an increase in the loans versus deposits ratio is perceived as a positive sign, as monies are not saved but invested or consumed, each of which acts as a stimulant for the economy. Since September 2006, this ratio had steadily declined in the oPt signaling little optimism in the prospects for the Palestinian economy, Q3- 2009 figures however marked the second quarterly increase after two years of decline, with a 7.68% jump from Q2- 2009.

Indicator	Baseline Aug-00	May-09	June -09	July -09	Aug -09	Sep -09	Oct -09				
Palestinian Securities Exchange											
Volume of trade											
Number of shares traded (x million)	n.a.	11.2	26.7	11.9	12.0	26.9	14.9				
Value of shares traded (x million US\$)	n.a.	28.8	70.2	19.9	27.9	32.7	30.0				
Indices											
Al-Quds index	n.a.	512.03	524.85	488.77	498.45	498.92	500.18				

Similar to bank credit and deposits, data on the Palestinian stock exchange is used as a proxy indicator of Palestinian perceptions vis-à-vis the state of the national economy. Data for October 2009 shows a decline in terms of value of shares traded of approximately 44.79 % and in terms of number of stocks traded of approximately 8.26 %. The Al-Quds index increased by 0.25 %.